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Belgian Nuclear Research Centre

Mechanical properties of degraded concrete: micro-macro modelling

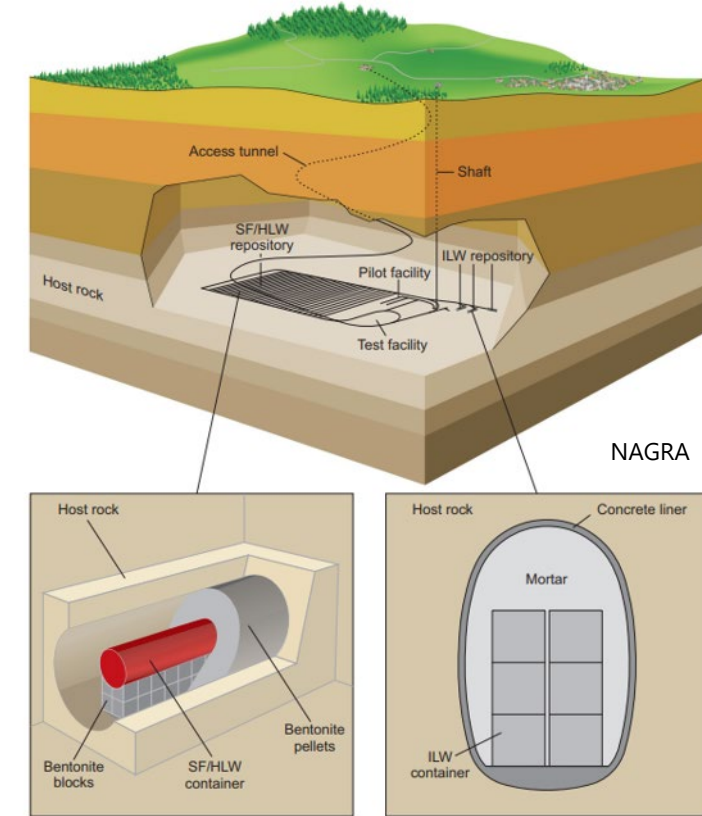
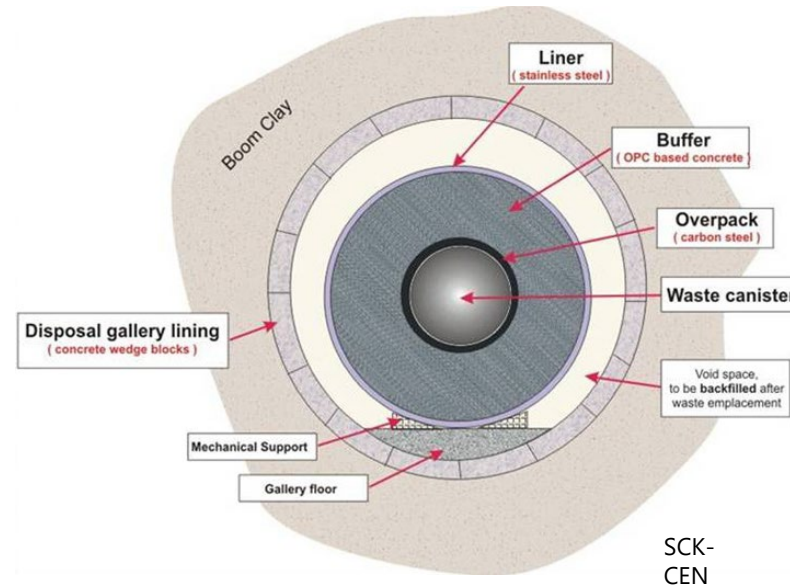
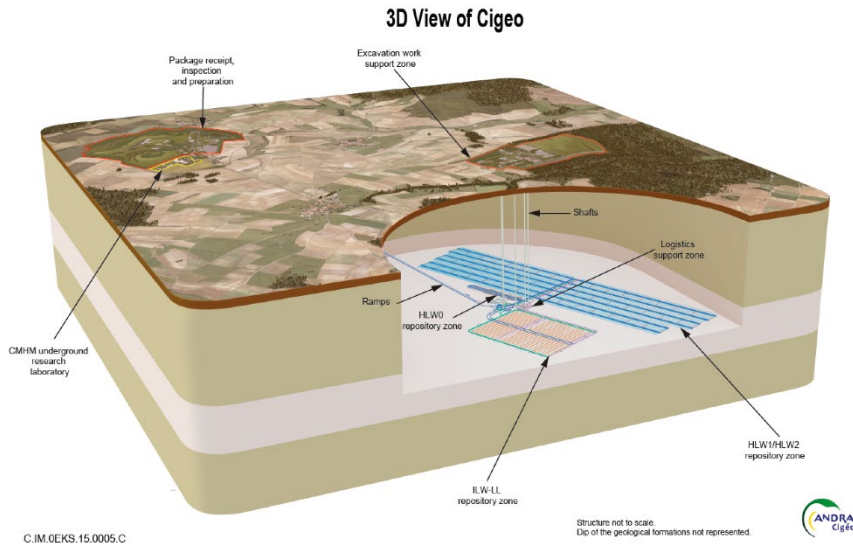
EURAD-MAGIC

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Kristel Mijndendonckx

European context

Cementitious materials widely used for :

- Backfill
- Barrier
- Buffer material
- Massive plugs in sealing area
- Container
- Vault/liner

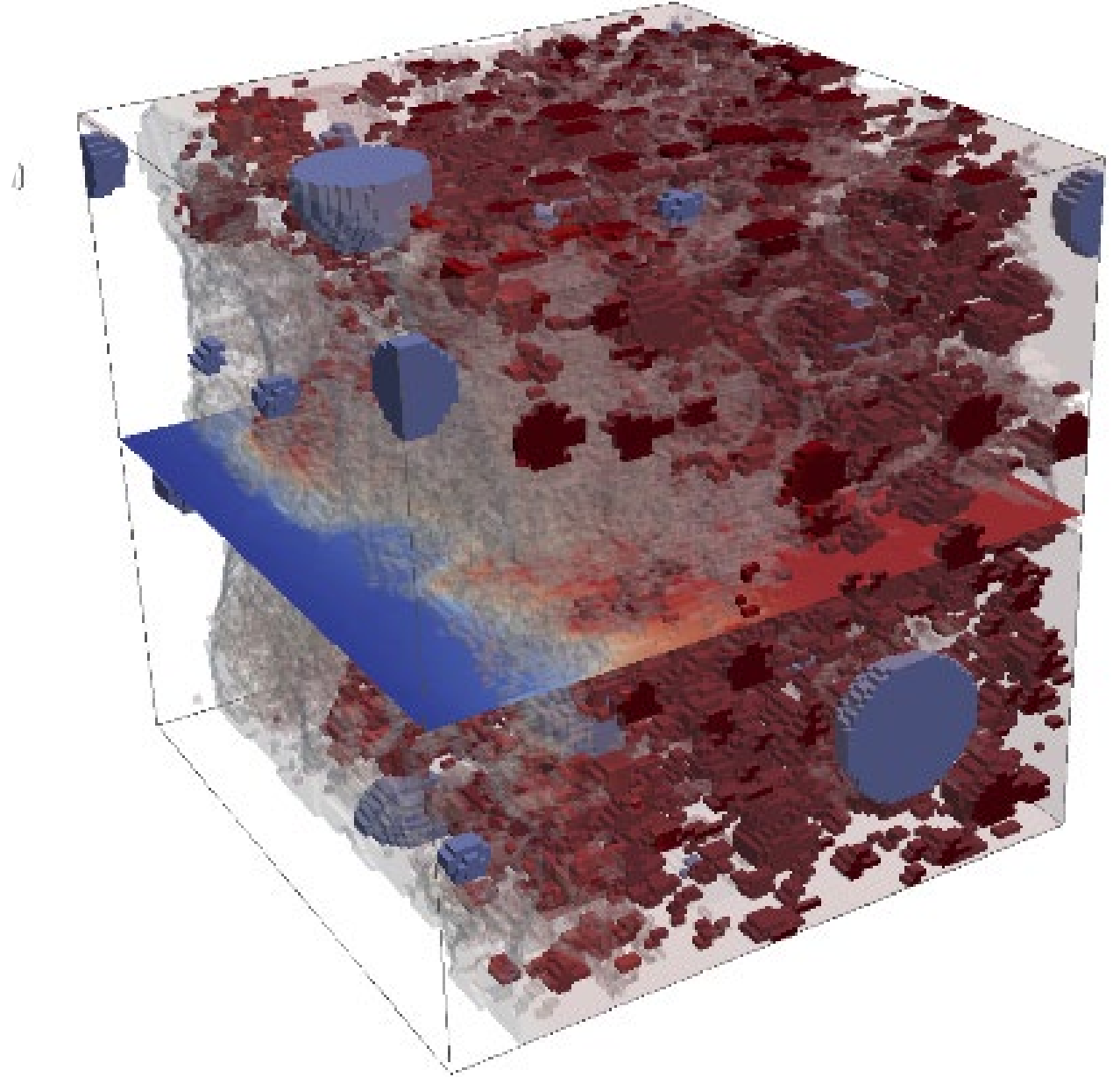


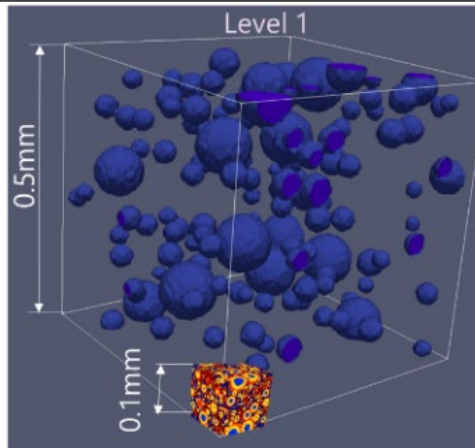
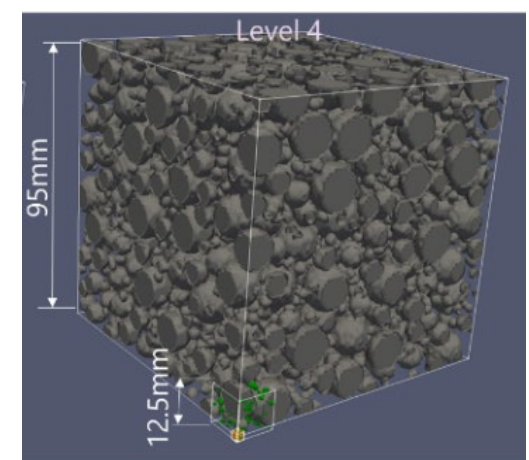
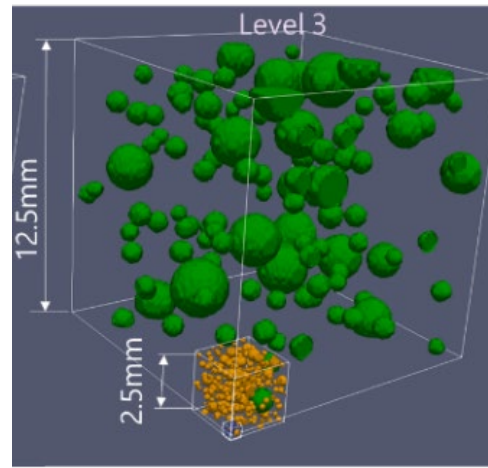
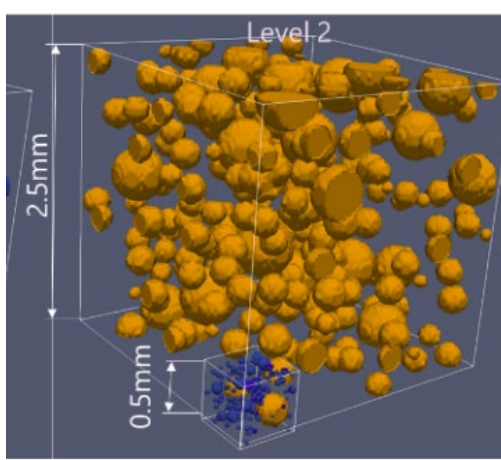
A use from the operating period to the long term

Material exposed to a set of disturbances

Scientific gaps

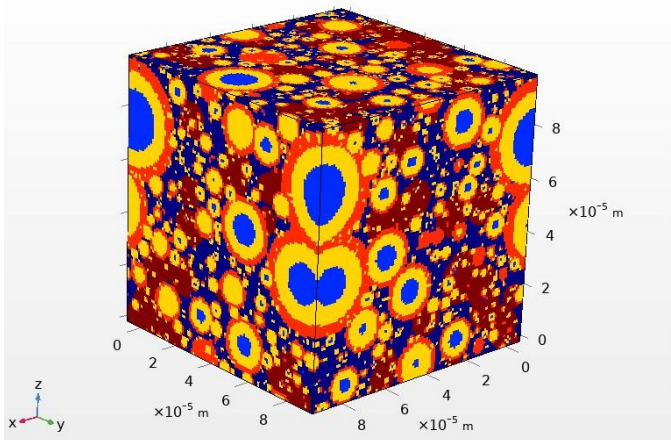
- Impact of various **chemical degradation** phenomena on the **mechanical behavior** of massive cementitious materials?
- Impact of **microbiologically** induced processes in the **chemo-mechanical** behavior of cementitious materials?
- **Reference model** for OPC and low pH concrete





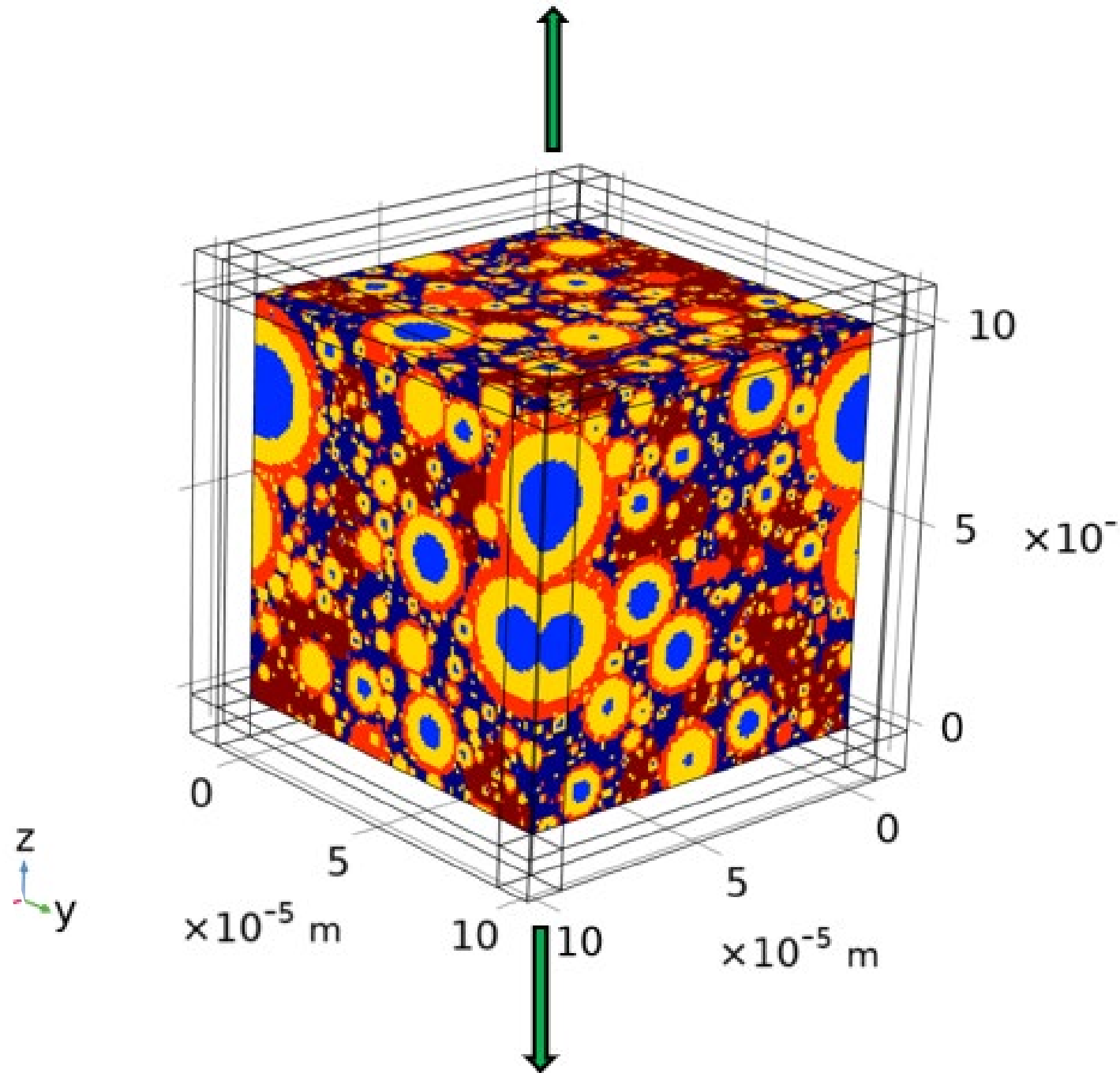
Micro-macro modelling using synthetic microstructures

- Microstructure obtained from HYMOSTRUC for real cement paste.
- Concrete aggregate distribution obtained from in house code, based on real data.

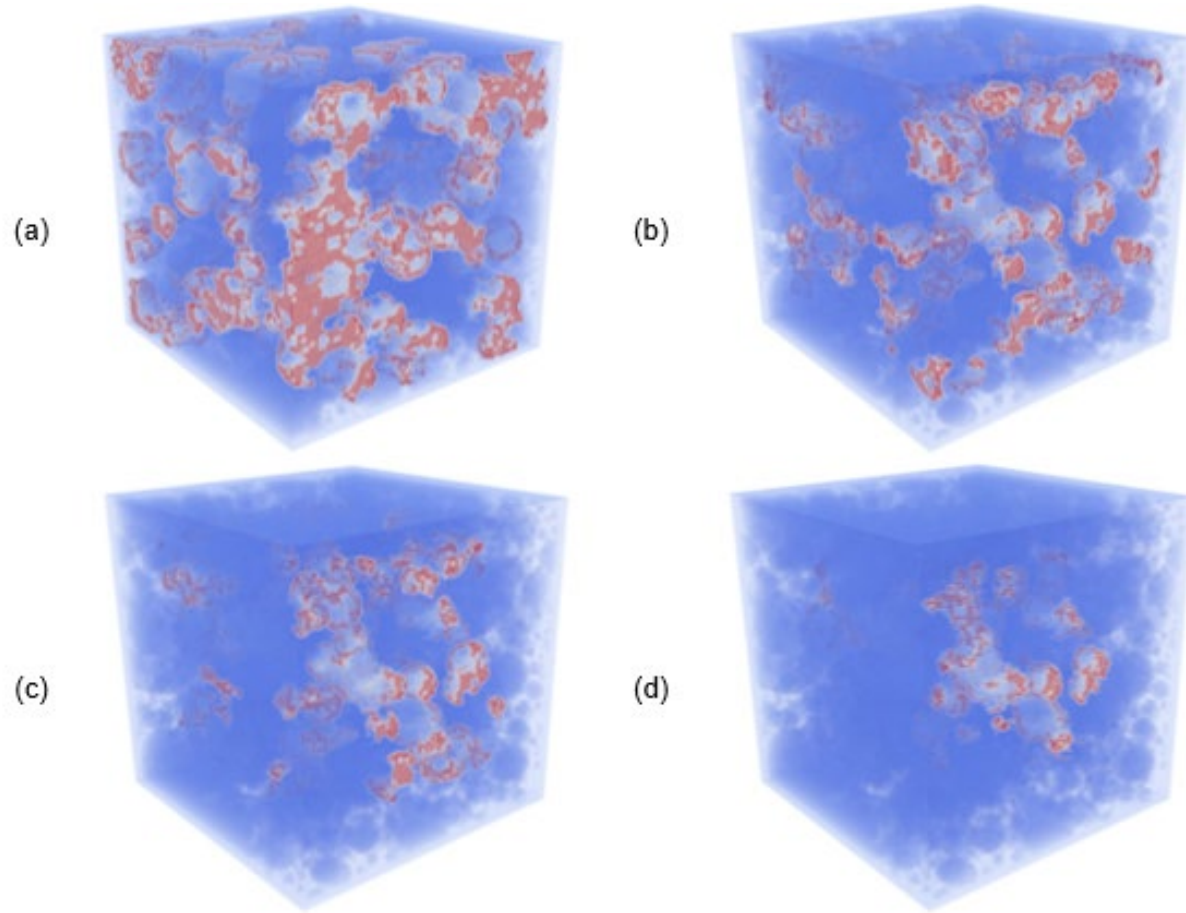


Modelling strategy

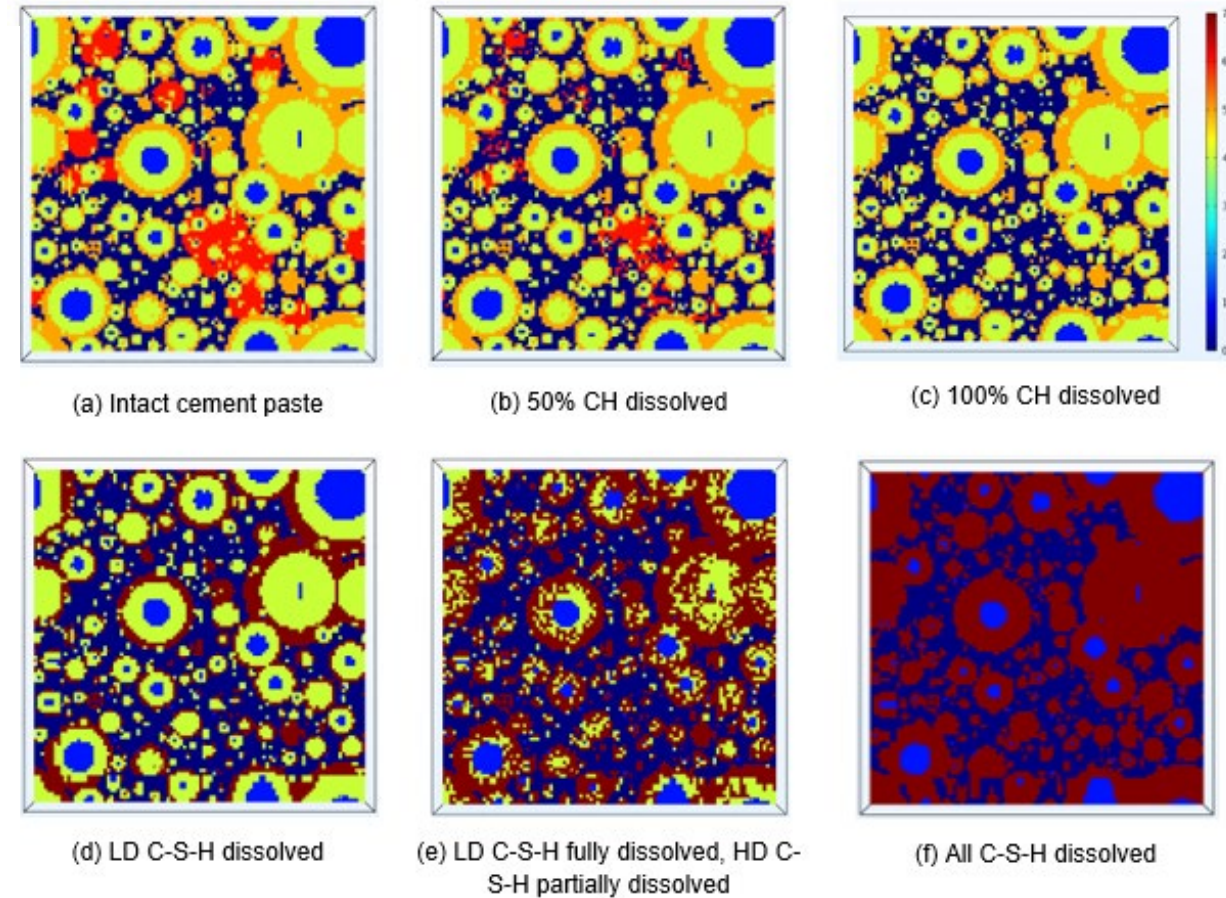
- Voxelized FE model.
- Numerical homogenization.
- Solve reactive transport model for leaching, also artificially generated leached random microstructure.
- Only artificially generated carbonated random microstructure.



Leached microstructures of cement paste



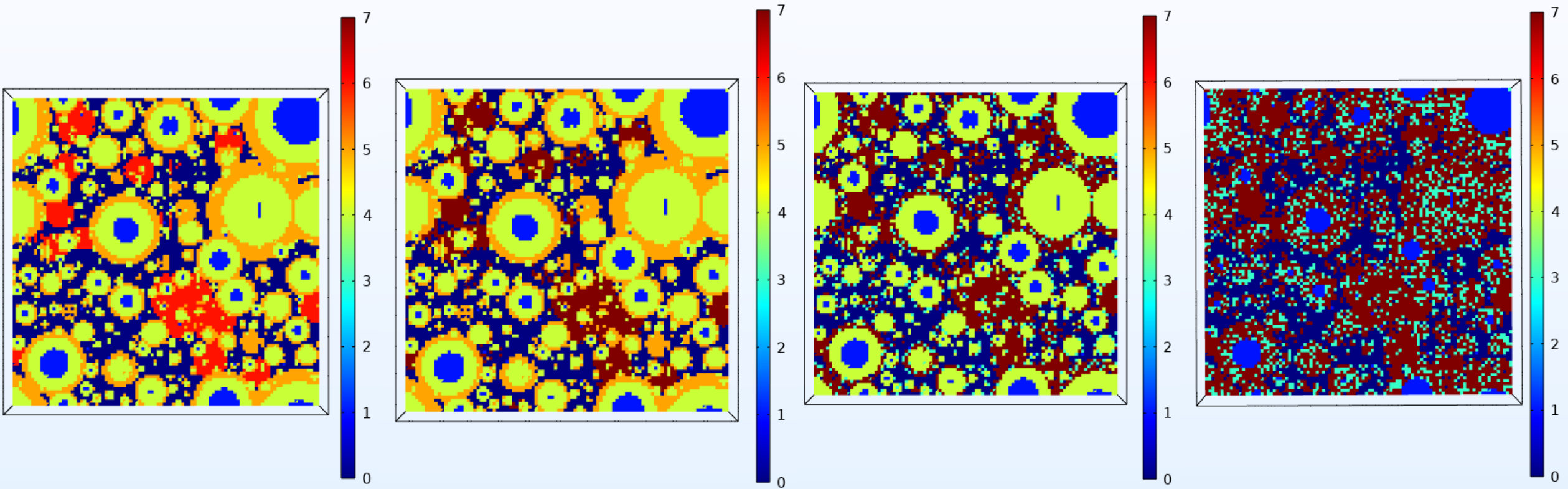
Lattice-Boltzmann simulations



0: water filled micropore; 1: Unhydrated clinkers; 4: HD C-S-H; 5: LD C-S-H; 6: CH; 7: Silica gel

Randomly created leached microstructure

Artificially generated random microstructures of carbonated cement paste



Intact cement paste

CH fully carbonated

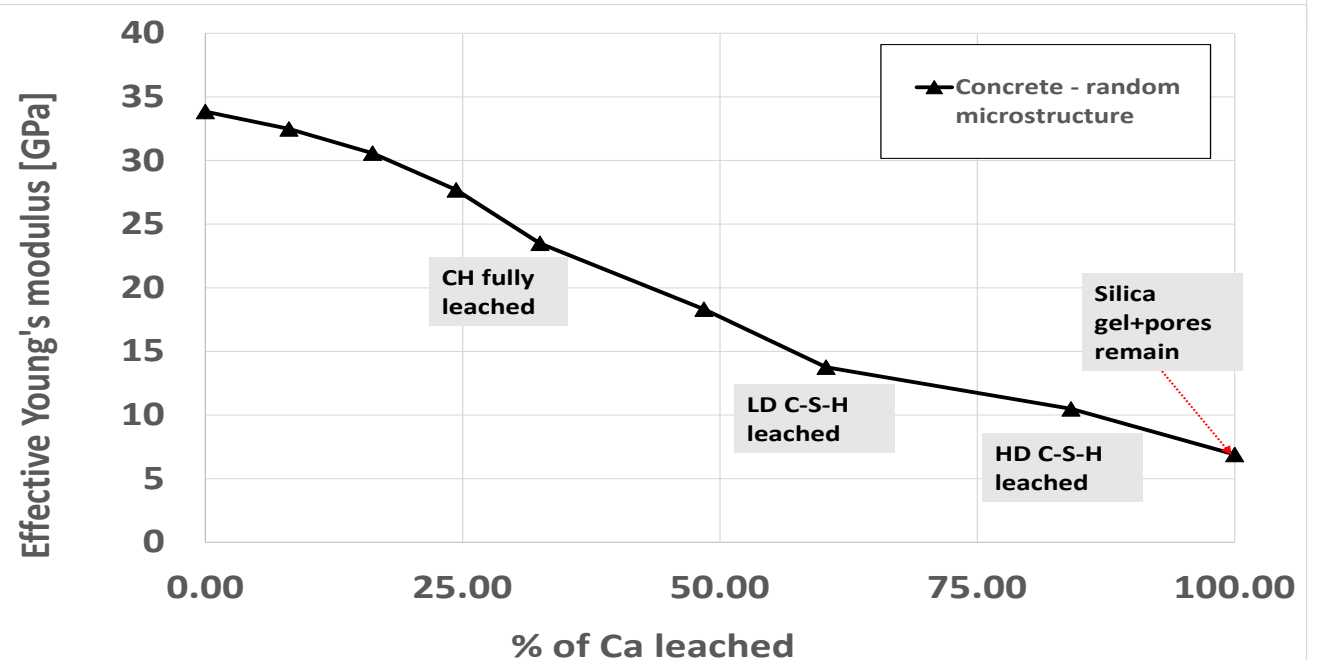
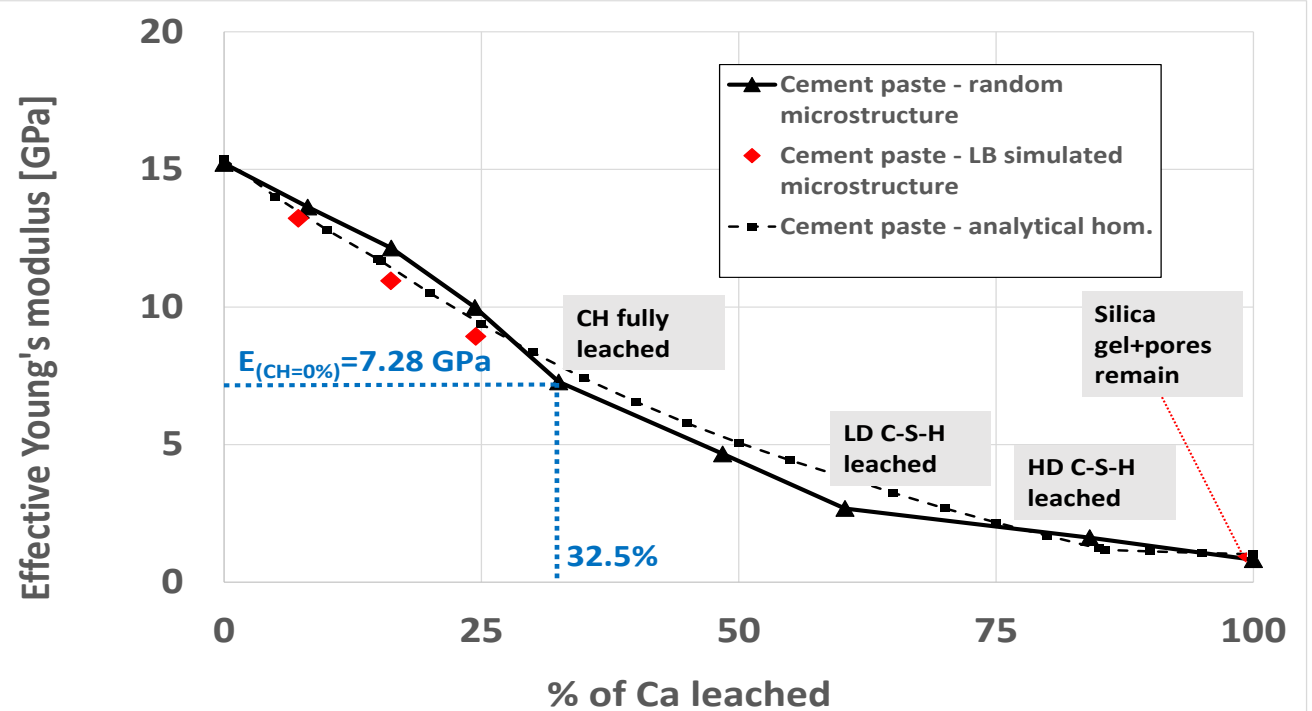
LD C-S-H fully carbonated

HD C-S-H fully carbonated

0: water filled micropore; 1: Unhydrated clinkers; 4: HD C-S-H; 5: LD C-S-H; 6: CH; 7: Calcite

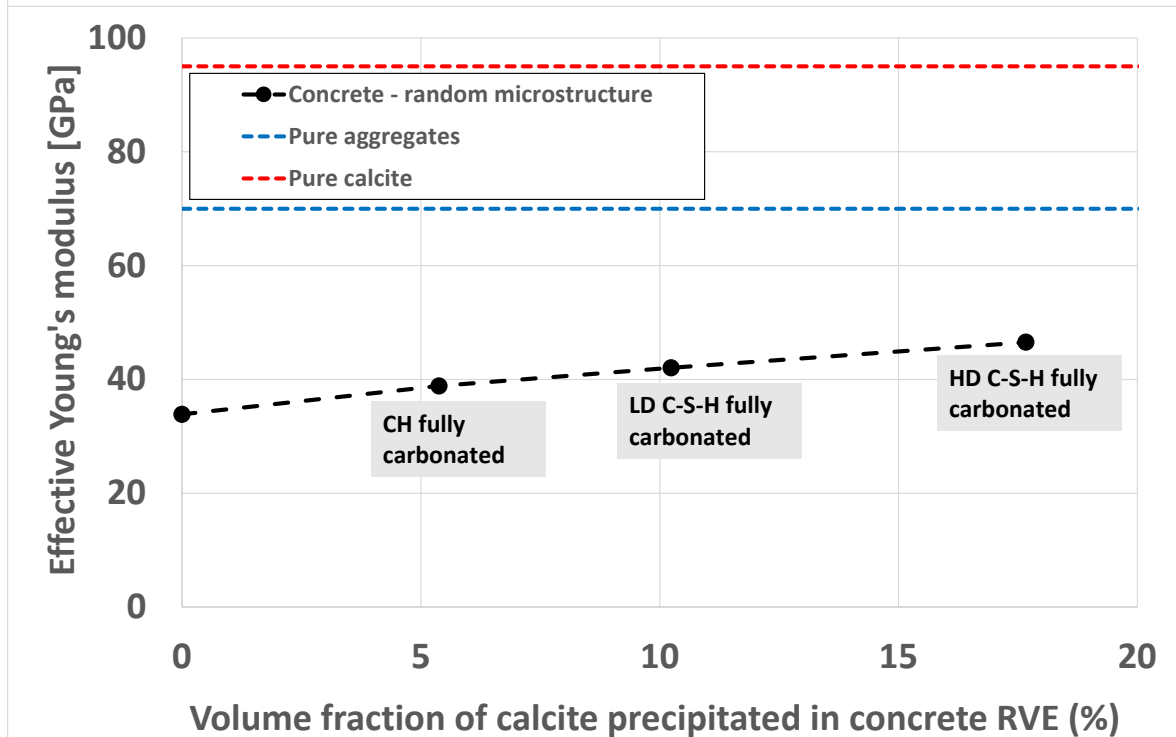
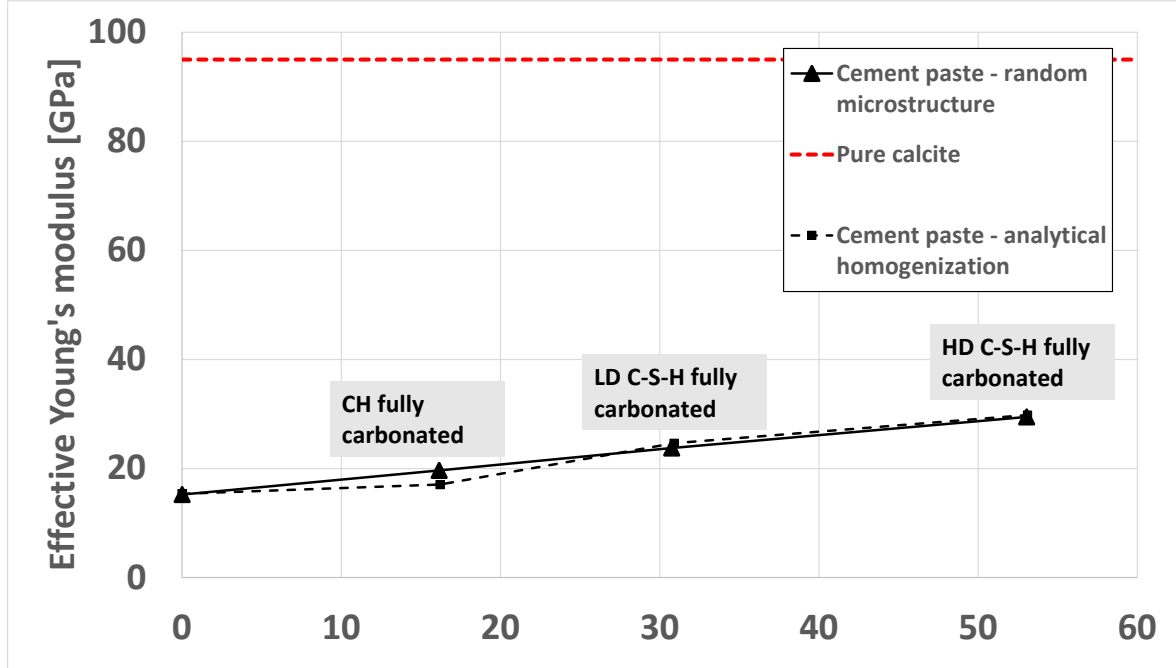
Young's modulus of leached cement/concrete

- Significant reduction in the stiffness even if all Portlandite is leached out.
- Not defined as a function of time, depends on the scenario.



Young's modulus of carbonated cement/concrete

- Maximum 30% increase in the stiffness.
- Not defined as a function of time, depends on the scenario.



Still ongoing experiments

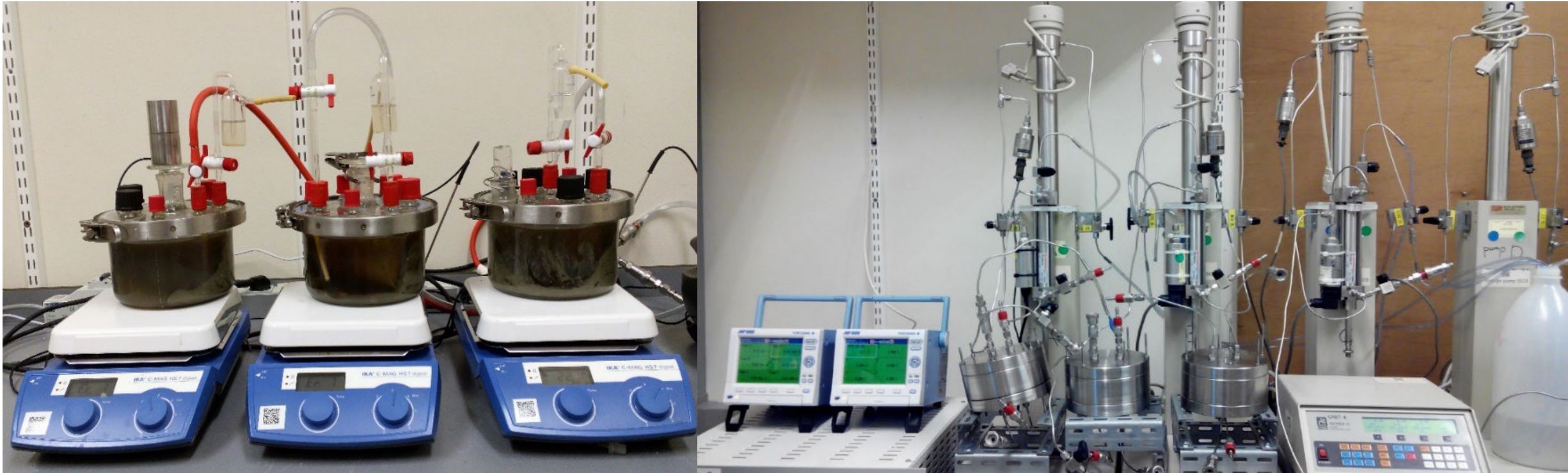
■ Batch type experiments

- Concrete – clay slurry
- Bubbled by CO₂ 0.4% to mimic CO₂ concentration
- Follow up chemical, pH and transport properties evolution

■ Percolation type experiments

- Representative for the backfill concrete in the Belgian disposal concept
- The conditions in the HADES URF are mimicked:
 - Chemical compositions
 - Advective flow

Microbial: sterilized conditions (γ -irradiation + T)



Relevance to Belgian scenario

- Note: Leaching and carbonation are extremely **slow** process.
- Geological disposal - **Operational period**, e.g. tunnel lining – high carbonate, low pH water from BC.
- Near surface disposal - **Monolith** degradation in the long term. Infiltration over long term.